

THE HONG KONG COLLEGE OF OBSTETRICIANS AND GYNAECOLOGISTS

AND



THE HONG KONG SOCIETY FOR COLPOSCOPY AND CERVICAL PATHOLOGY

COA-3 (2021-12)

Colposcopy Service Centre Application Form

Name of Applicant	
Position	
Qualification	
Corresponding Address	
E-mail Address	
Phone Number	

Institution/Clinic providing	
Colposcopy Service	

Colposcopists

	Name	Accreditation cycle (s)
		e.g. Jan 21 – Dec 23, Jan 24 – Dec 27
1	(Lead Clinician)	
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		

Sites of colposcopy clinic(s) in the colposcopy service

1	1.			
2				
3				

Number clinic(s) in the colposcopy service

Mon	Tue	Wed	Thur	Fri	Sat	Sun

Use the number to represent the clinic listed above, specify the nature (D=diagnostic; T=treatment, B=both) and duration or the session Example: 2, D, 2-5pm



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Colposcopy Services

Leading Clinician:		Signature:
Period of audit:	from	to

Notes on using this Form

- 1. New application can be made by submitting this application form together with an audit report of colposcopy services. The audit report should cover a 12-month period that falls within the 18 months prior to the date of application.
- 2. Applying centers can use the annual audit report downloaded from CMS, or use the audit form attached to this form, for reporting of the statistics.
- 3. At least 50 cases per year are required to apply as Colposcopy Service Centre (COA-08). Therefore, the table on the correlation between colposcopy diagnosis and the worst histology should contain at least 50% of the total number of colposcopy examination submitted, and should have at least 50 cases in total.
- 4. Applying centers need to fill in the sensitivity and positive predictive value for HSIL, and sensitivity of invasive lesions, by colposcopic examinations performed during the audit period.

The numbers that are required for the reporting (A - D) can be found in Table 2.

- 5. At least 60% correlation between colposcopic diagnosis and histological diagnosis of high-grade lesion is expected i.e. sensitivity.
- 6. 90% of patient treated is expected to have CIN lesion on histological examination.
- 7. 80% of treatment of CIN is expected to be performed under LA.



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Audit Report - Reporting year ______ to _____

(This form can be replaced by the audit report generated from the CMS in HA units)

Number of colposcopy examinations for patients with new indications

Number of colposcopy examinations for patients for follow-up

Number of Referrals with Cytological Abnormalities

ASCH	
AGCNOS	
AGC-neoplasia	
HSIL	
AIS	
SCC	
Adenocarcinoma	

Waiting Time (weeks)

Suspected carcinoma	
High grade cytological abnormalities	
Low grade cytological abnormalities	



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Table 1 - Correlation between Colposcopy Assessment and Histology of Biopsy

	Histology of Biopsy								
		NORMAL	LG / HPV	HG	MICROIN	INVAS	NO_BX	UNSAT	TOTAL
	NORMAL								
Diagnosis	LG								
	HG								
Colposcopy	MICROIN								
Colpo	INVAS								
	UNSAT								
	TOTAL								



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Table 2 - Correlation between Colposcopy Assessment and Worst Histology

	Worst Histology								
		NORMAL	LG / HPV	HG	MICROIN	INVAS	NO_BX	UNSAT	TOTAL
	NORMAL								
Diagnosis	LG								
	HG			(A)					(D)
scopy	MICROIN			(A)					(D)
Colposcopy	INVAS			(A)					(D)
	UNSAT			(C)					
	TOTAL			(B)					

Sensitivity of colposcopy

Sensitivity for HSILor above	$= \frac{\text{No. of HSIL+ by colposcopic examination, (A)}}{\text{Total number of HSIL, (B) - (C)}}$	— x 100% =
Positive predictive value for HSIL or above	= <u>No. of HSIL+ by colposcopic examination, (A)</u> Total number of colposcopic HSIL+, (D)	— x 100% =



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Table 3 – Treatments and complications

Total number of treatment for CINNATotal number of loop excision performed (T)NANumber of treatment by LEEP for CIN performed under LAOut of (T)Number of other procedures performed for CIN (please specific type of treatment and anaesthesia)Out of (T)Number of LEEP with histological evidence of CINOut of (T)Number of complications after loop excision:Out of (T)Primary haemorrhageOut of (T)InfectionOut of (T)Hospital admission related to procedureOut of (T)OthersOut of (T)		No.	Percentage (%)
Number of treatment by LEEP for CIN performed under LAOut of (T)Number of other procedures performed for CIN (please specific type of treatment and anaesthesia)NANumber of LEEP with histological evidence of CINOut of (T)Number of complications after loop excision:Out of (T)Primary haemorrhageOut of (T)Secondary haemorrhageOut of (T)InfectionOut of (T)Hospital admission related to procedureOut of (T)Out of (T)Out of (T)	Total number of treatment for CIN		NA
Number of treatment by LEEP for CIN performed under LAImage: Constraint of the procedures performed for CIN (please specific type of treatment and anaesthesia)NANumber of treatment and anaesthesia)Out of (T)Number of LEEP with histological evidence of CINOut of (T)Number of complications after loop excision:Out of (T)Primary haemorrhageOut of (T)Secondary haemorrhageOut of (T)InfectionOut of (T)Hospital admission related to procedureOut of (T)Out of (T)Out of (T)	Total number of loop excision performed (T)		NA
(please specific type of treatment and anaesthesia)NANumber of LEEP with histological evidence of CINOut of (T)Number of complications after loop excision:Out of (T)Primary haemorrhageOut of (T)Secondary haemorrhageOut of (T)InfectionOut of (T)Hospital admission related to procedureOut of (T)Out of (T)Out of (T)			Out of (T)
Number of LEEP with histological evidence of CINImage: Cine of the second seco	(please specific type of treatment and		NA
Primary haemorrhage Out of (T) Secondary haemorrhage Out of (T) Infection Out of (T) Hospital admission related to procedure Out of (T) Out of (T) Out of (T) Out of (T) Out of (T)			Out of (T)
Primary haemorrhageOut of (T)Secondary haemorrhageOut of (T)InfectionOut of (T)Hospital admission related to procedureOut of (T)Out of (T)Out of (T)Out of (T)Out of (T)	Number of complications after loop excision:		
Secondary haemorrhage Image: Constraint of the second of	Primary haemorrhage		Out of (T)
Infection Out of (T) Hospital admission related to procedure Out of (T) Out of (T) Out of (T)	Secondary haemorrhage		Out of (T)
Hospital admission related to procedure Out of (T)	Infection		Out of (T)
	Hospital admission related to procedure		Out of (T)
	Others		Out of (T)